



IT Service Management Executive Survey 2008 by MATERNA

Results of the survey in the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Slovenia
Special issue for itSMF CZ



Executive Survey 2008

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The most important trends 1/2



ITIL-spread	Two out of four companies use ITIL. In comparison: in German-speaking countries three out of four companies use ITIL already – increasing tendency.
ITIL v3	ITIL v3 is evaluated positively by the majority. However, it is not yet widespread. The new version is still at the beginning. In German-speaking countries the result is similar too, only that significantly more companies have looked into the new version.
Service Strategy	Over 50% consider service strategy to be important or relevant. The most important thing here is fixing the strategic guidelines, this is followed by ROI calculation.
Service Automation	For almost 80% of those questioned the topic of service automation is important or they are looking into it. Most of them have implemented task and process automation for system management activities, automated server and application provisioning as well as linking service automation with existing ITSM solutions whereas compliance measurement and reporting are topics for the future, followed by automated application release management.

The most important trends 2/2

Change / Config. Management	Almost 85% of respondents see the topics of change and configuration management as important. The majority, almost 75%, already has a CMDB or similar solution in use.
Using ITSM processes	Almost 80% have a service desk. Incident management, change management and service level management are the most implemented ITSM processes.
Planning ITSM processes	Almost 50% of those asked is planning to implement further ITSM processes, another 37% are thinking about it. Configuration management and CMDB as well as problem management and request fulfilment are key topics here.
Advantages of ITSM processes	Standardised procedures, transparency and higher quality are the advantages most often stated.
Challenges for ITSM processes	Higher administration costs/effort and difficulties in defining interfaces to other processes are the main challenges when using ITSM processes.
Business-IT-Alignment	Only 10% believe that their company perceives the IT as a motor driving their business ahead whereas more than 80% of those asked describe themselves as business-oriented.



Executive Survey 2008

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Survey Contents of the survey

Every year since 2003 MATERNA has carried out the IT Service Management Executive Survey in German-speaking countries as well as in Northern Europe. This year for the first time MATERNA also questioned IT decision-makers in Eastern Europe.

The results show a clear picture of the status of the professionalization of the IT organisations which took part and the level of acceptance for the IT Infrastructure Library® (ITIL®).

- Investigation of the current situation in IT Service Management (ITSM):
 - *How IT is perceived*
 - *Use of IT Infrastructure Library*
- Evaluation of the new version ITIL v3
 - *Assessment of the topic Service Strategy*
 - *Assessment of the topic Service Automation*
- Prospects for planning and assessing IT Service Management processes

The screenshot shows a survey questionnaire with the following content:

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IT Service Management
Executive Survey 2008

Question: How do you rate the use of the IT Infrastructure Library (ITIL) and ITIL v3?

1. Do you use ITIL in your company or organization?
 yes
 no

2. Do you use ITIL v3?
 yes
 no

Thank you for your response. How do you rate the use of ITIL v3?
 yes
 no
 neither

How do you rate the use of ITIL v3 in your company or organization?
 yes
 no
 neither

How do you rate the use of ITIL v3 in your company or organization?
 yes
 no
 neither

Demography Survey framework

For this survey 283 IT service management decision-makers from the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Slovenia were invited to take part.

The survey was carried out online in August and September 2008.

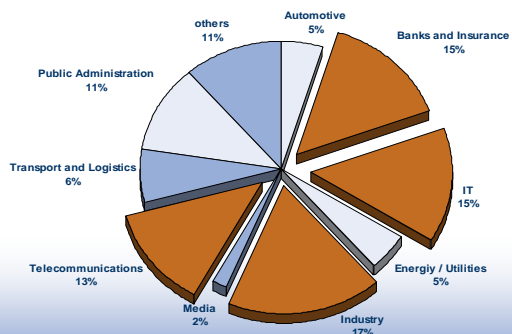


- 110 questionnaires received
- 63 fully fulfilled questionnaires were evaluated
 - Czech: 54% of the participants
 - Slovakia: 33% of the participants
 - Slovenia: 13% of the participants
- Most of those taking part are MATERNA customers or those interested in MATERNA.

Demography Participants' sectors

The sectors which the 63 participants come from are sufficiently diverse.

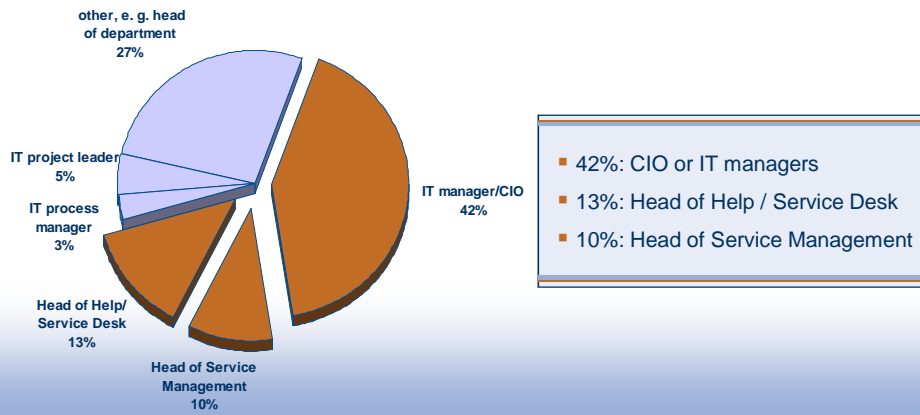
A clear majority comes from industry; further focuses are in the fields of IT, financial sector and telecommunications.



- 17%: Industry
- 15%: IT
- 15%: Financial sector
- 13%: Telecommunications

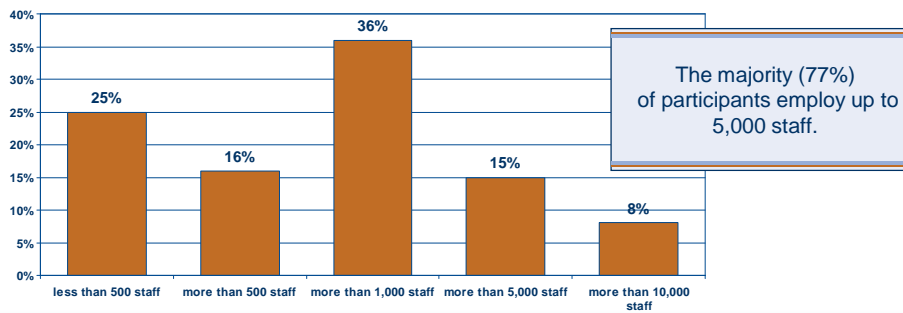
Demography Respondents' positions

The respondents are all in leading positions.
The largest group is made up of CIOs and IT managers.



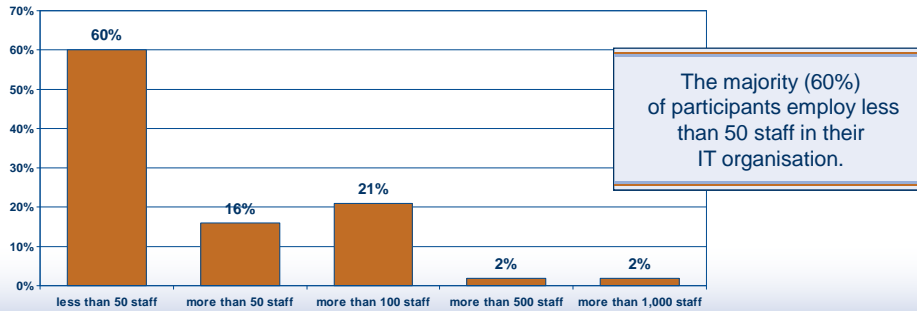
Demography Other key data: numbers of staff

These key figures show that the results can best be applied as a standard of comparison for medium to large-sized organisations.



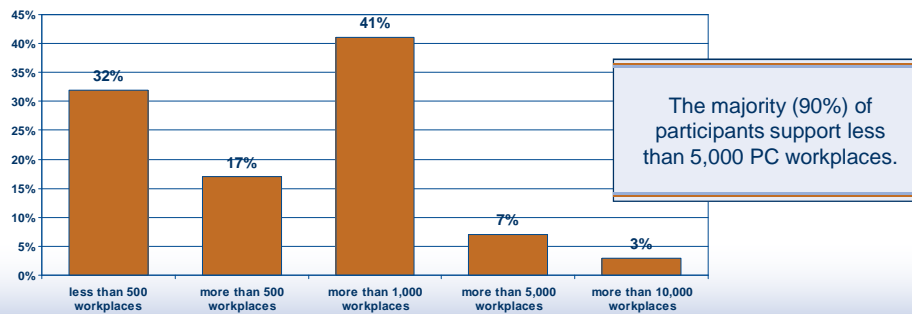
Demography
Further key data: staff in the IT organisation

These key figures show that the results can best be applied as a standard of comparison for medium to large-sized organisations.



Demography
Further key figures: PC workplaces supported

These key figures show that the results can best be applied as a standard of comparison for medium to large-sized organisations.



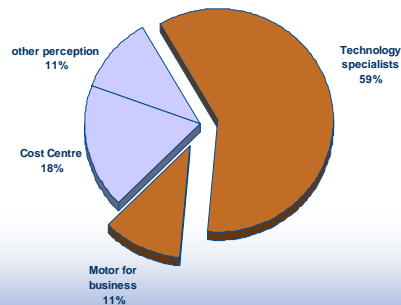
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Role of IT External perception

The survey shows that the IT must continue to work on improving the way it markets itself and its services within the complete organisation.

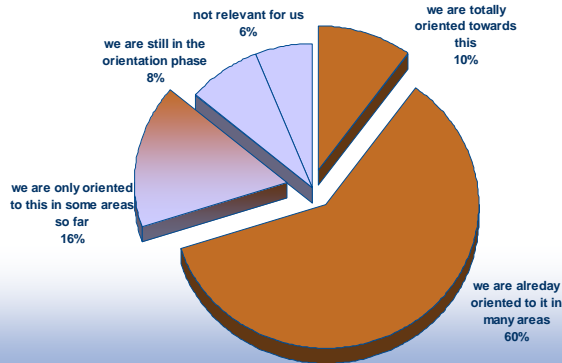
The image as a cost centre must be discarded as fast as possible – they must continue to push their positioning as a significant value adder for the business.



Almost 60% of the companies asked see their IT departments above all as technology specialists. Only 11% see them as a motor for the business.

Role of IT Level of integration of business and IT

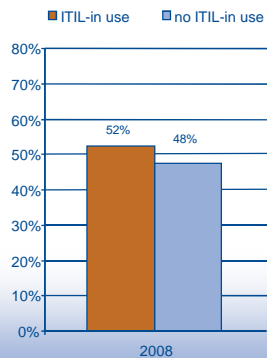
The IT perceives itself as business-oriented, partly in certain areas and partly in many areas.
The motivation in recent years as regards „Business-IT-Alignment“ is now bearing fruit.



- 70%: complete or almost complete business-IT-alignment
- 16%: selective business-IT-alignment

ITIL in general Acceptance over time

Almost 80% of the companies taking part would recommend the best practices without any reservations – meaning that also more than 20% of those asked would advise against it.

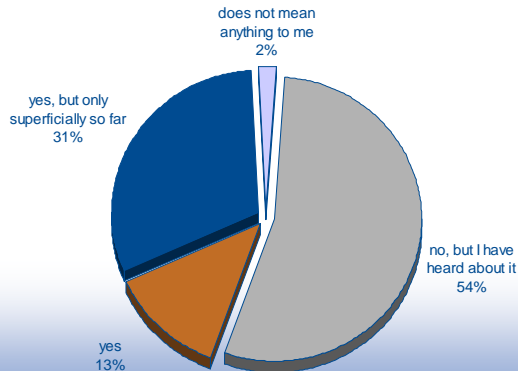


- Two out of four companies use ITIL.
- In comparison: In German-speaking countries 74% of companies taking part already use ITIL; meaning that three out of four companies use ITIL. Three years ago in German speaking countries only 50% used ITIL too.

ITIL in general Knowledge and assessment of the new ITIL version 3

After a year of ITIL v3 the new version is still at the early stages.

Whereas more than half have not looked into it at all, almost a third have only superficially looked at the new version. Only 13% of the respondents are already actively looking into it.

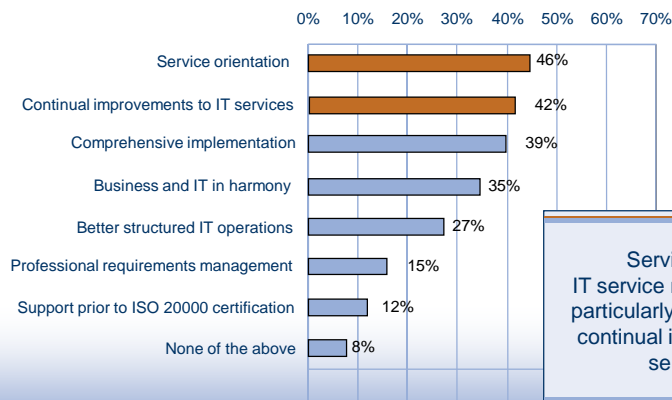


Less than half (40%) of the respondents who have looked into ITIL v3 assess it as positive.

The majority (56%) have a neutral attitude to version 3.

ITIL in general Expectations of ITIL v3

The expected advantages of ITIL v3 are wide-ranging.

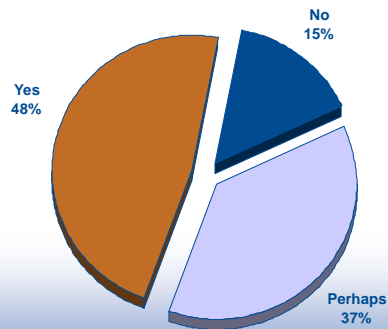


Service orientation of IT service management is stated particularly often, followed by the continual improvement of the IT services offered.

ITIL in general Planning over the next 24 months

Almost half the respondents intend to implement further IT service management processes within the next 24 months.

Another 37% are at least considering it.

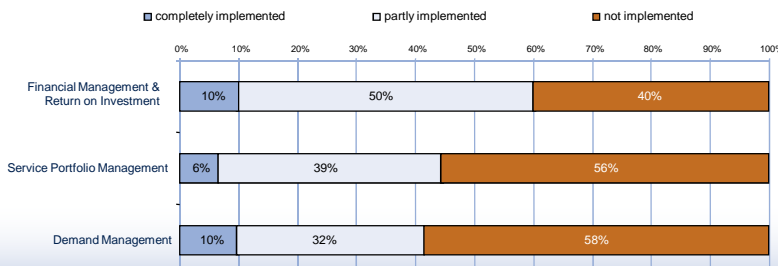


The high proportion of respondents who want to implement further IT service management processes in the short to medium term clearly shows the wish to achieve more synergies.

ITIL v3 Status quo Service Strategy

Service Strategy is still not a particularly widespread topic – the majority of the respondents has not implemented the appropriate topics.

Between 6% and 10% of respondents are looking intensively into the strategic alignment of their IT – the contents of the ITIL publication hardly have any significance here though.



Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:

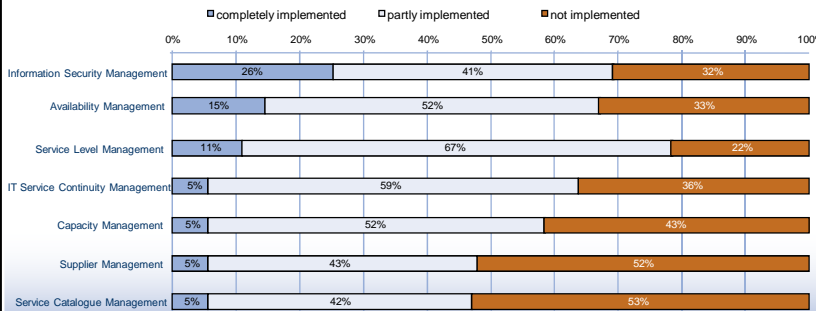
In financial management 5% make use of the ITIL recommendations.

In the other disciplines none of the respondents use ITIL.

ITIL v3 Status quo Service Design

In Service Design the service strategy results show a similar picture.

The topics of security and availability are completely implemented in 26% and 15% of the responding companies respectively. But a good third of the participants is not looking into security or availability aspects in IT service management at all.



Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:

In Service Level Management 22% follow ITIL recommendations.

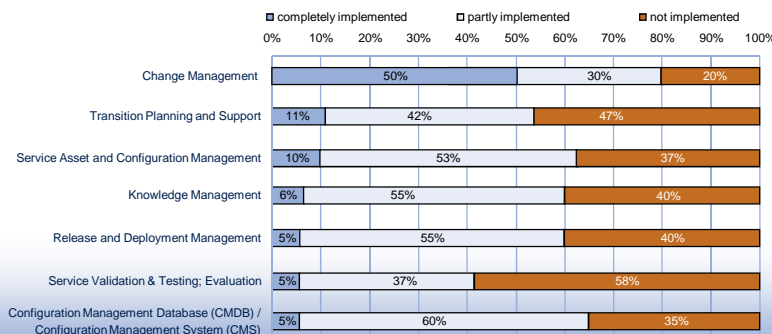
The lowest levels of ITIL compliance are in supplier management.

In general, ITIL does not play a role in Service Design.

ITIL v3 Status quo Service Transition

Change management is relatively widespread with a high level of ITIL influence, followed by CMDB together with the topics of service asset and configuration management.

Institutionalised planning and coordination of resources for providing services (transition planning and support) is missing at 47% of participants. 58% go without checking *utility* and *warranty*, as described in service validation & testing and evaluation.



Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:

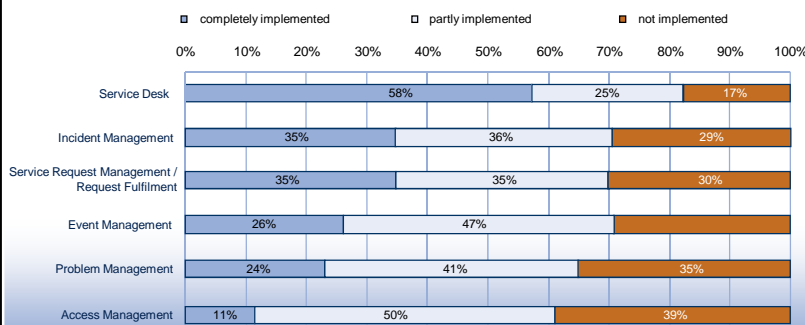
In change management 25% are oriented to ITIL.

The best practices for knowledge management are only relevant for 5% of the respondents.

ITIL v3 Status quo Service Operation

A service desk with high levels of ITIL compliance is present at most (83%) of the respondent companies, and as expected, incident management and problem management are also widespread.

Institutionalised access management only exists at 11% of the organisations asked, for almost 40% of the respondents this is not a current topic at all.

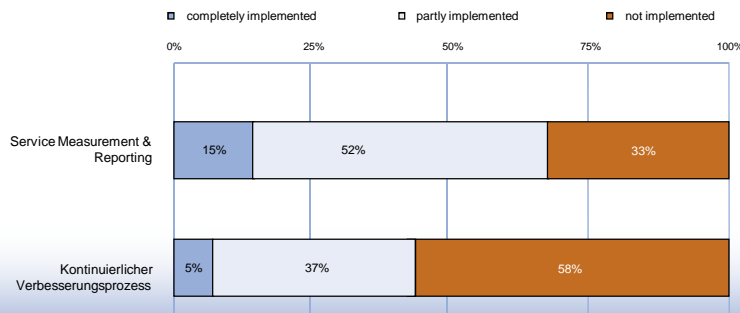


Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:
Incident management and service desk show the highest level of ITIL compliance with around 70%.
ITIL recommendations for access management are currently relevant for only 15% of the respondents.

ITIL v3 Status quo Continual Service Improvement

Continual improvement – one of the central topics for ITIL v3 with one of the five core publications dedicated to it – is still in its infancy.

More than half of all respondents has no institutionalised improvement process. A third do not measure and report on the quality of the services provided in a structured way.



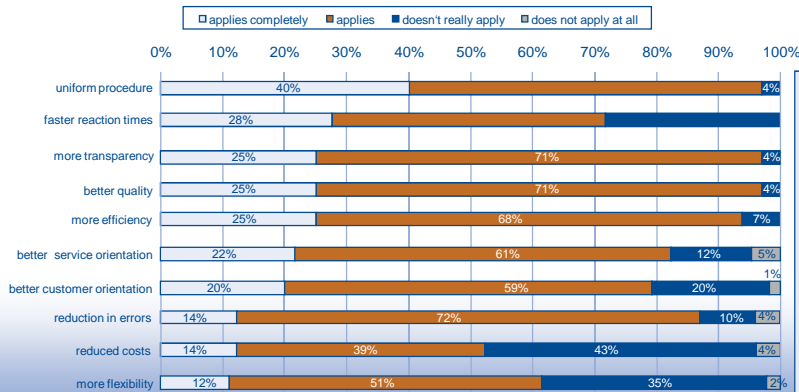
Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:
Only around 10% of respondents have taken the ITIL recommendations for these topics into consideration.

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ITIL v3 Planning Expected advantages and challenges

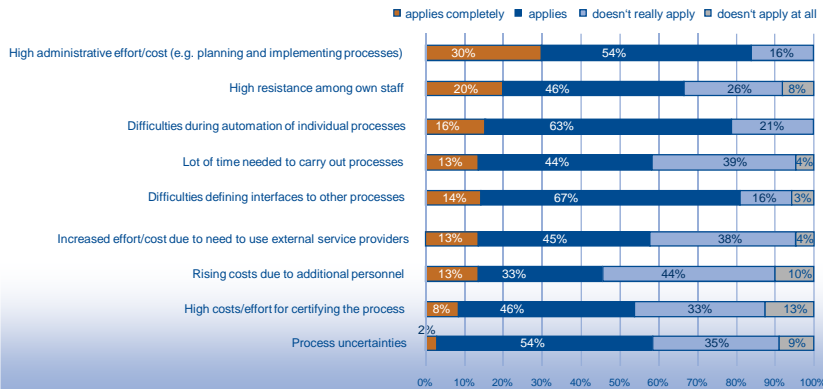
Most of the respondents expect more standardised procedures from applying the new ITIL version 3. They also expect increased transparency and better quality of services.



Only 53% of the respondents expect reduced costs from introducing ITIL processes.

ITIL v3 Planning Expected advantages and challenges

The companies asked expect to face many challenges when applying ITIL v3.

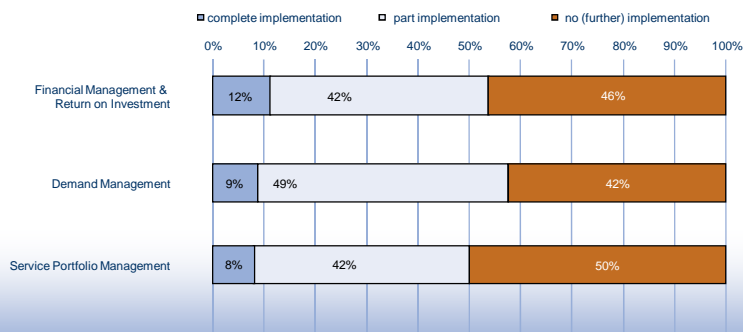


On the negative side there are fears of high administrative costs/effort and high resistance among own staff.

ITIL v3 Planning Service Strategy

The majority of respondents are not planning to start any more initiatives for implementing strategic topics in IT service management in future.

Of particular note is that 50% of the respondents intend to do without initiating or enhancing institutionalised service portfolio management in future.



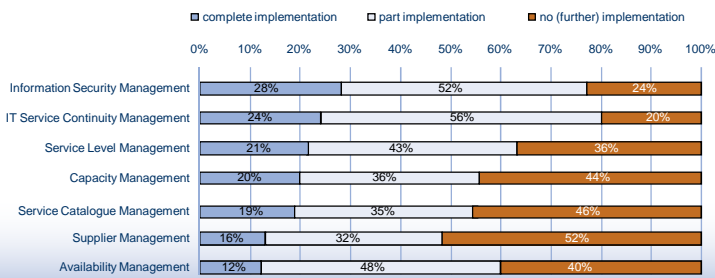
Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:

However, 30% of the respondents are planning to apply ITIL recommendations when implementing demand management.

ITIL v3 Planning Service Design

80% of the respondents intend to implement information security as well as IT service continuity management and prioritise this process above all others in the service design environment. More than one third do not plan to further implement service level management.

But a considerable 52% do not intend any (further) implementation in supplier management. This is a decision which will have a negative impact on the success of the service level management process.



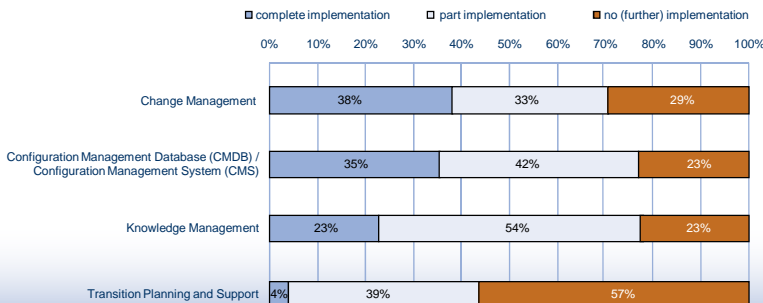
Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:

The proportion of the respondents who intend to consider ITIL recommendations when implementing service design disciplines is between 20% and 40%.

ITIL v3 Planung Service Transition

The topics of change management, configuration management, database/system and knowledge management are right at the top of the respondents' agenda.

In future almost 60% of the respondents will also do without institutionalised planning and coordination of resources for providing services (transition planning and support).

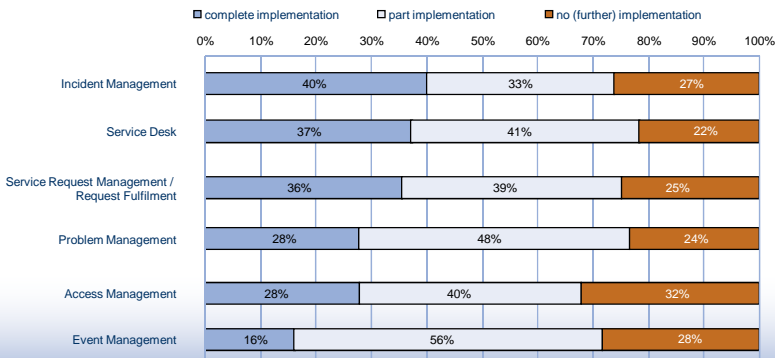


Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:

The proportion of respondents who intend to apply ITIL recommendations is between 30% and 45%.

ITIL v3 Planning Service Operation

Regarding the service operation disciplines, at the moment the respondents see the greatest need for further development in service desk and problem management, followed by request fulfilment.



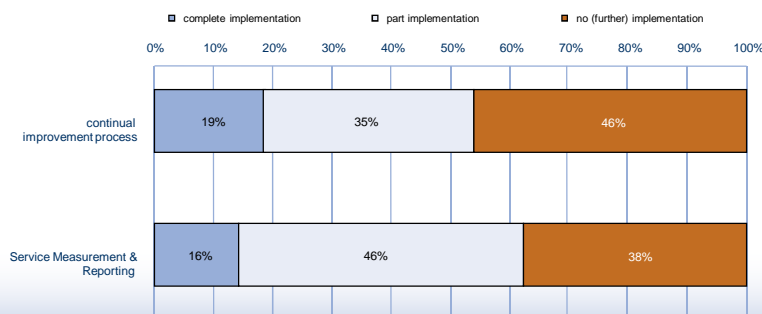
Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:

With one exception in service request management the proportion of those who want to consider ITIL compliance during further development lies between 30% and 38%.

ITIL v3 Planning Continual Service Improvement

The respondents want to get proactive in continual service improvement.

Altogether over 50% of the respondents are aiming for a part or complete implementation of processes. But also a great many of the respondents see no need as regards further implementation with reference to the continual improvement process.

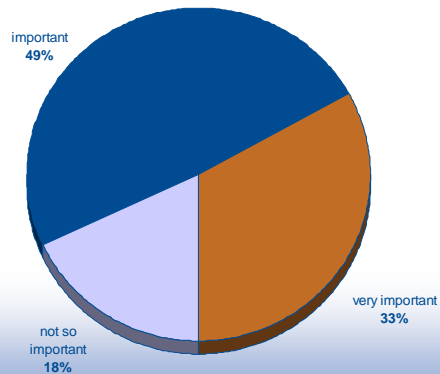


Degree of use of ITIL recommendations:

The good practices are only significant for 25% of the respondents here.

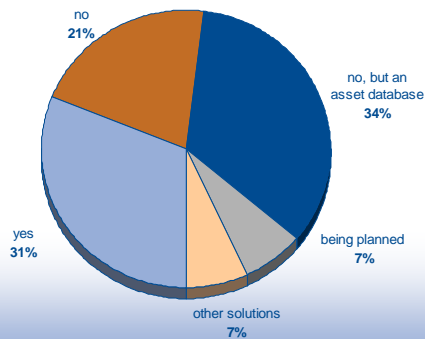
Further trends and developments Change and Configuration Management

Almost 85% of the respondents rate the topics of change management and configuration management as important or very important for their IT organisation.



Further trends and developments Change and Configuration Management

Almost 75% of the companies participating already use a CMDB, an asset-database or similar solutions.

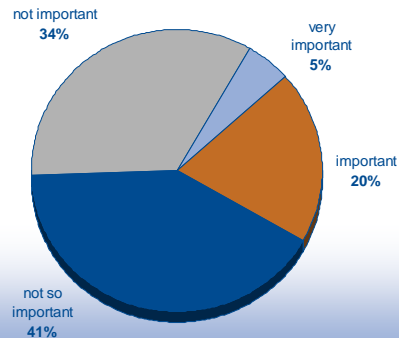
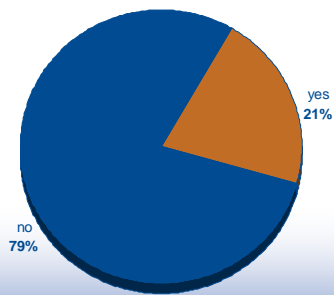


21% of respondents do not need or do not want a CMDB or similar solution. Implementing a CMDB is one of the most urgent topics.

Further trends and developments
ISO 20000

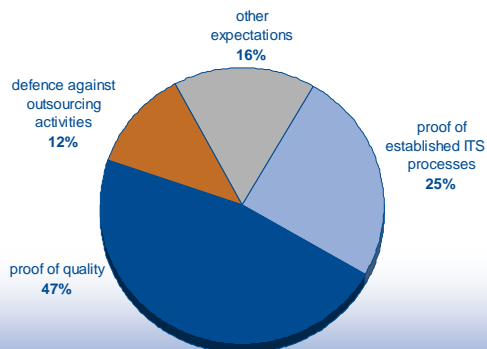
The proportion of respondents who are aiming for certification of their ITSM organisation according to ISO 20000 within the next 24 months is around 21%.

Although the respondents have no plans for short term or medium term certification according to ISO 20000, a quarter of them see the worldwide accepted norm as important for their own organisation.



Further trends and developments
ISO 20000

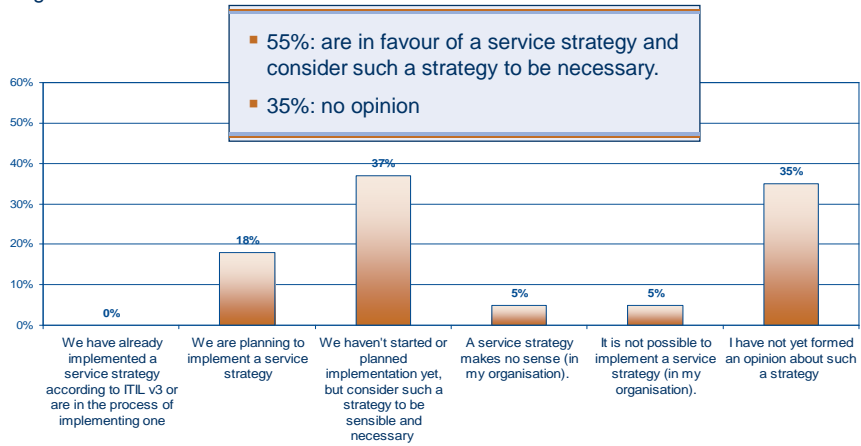
There are various reasons for certification according to ISO 20000. Quality and established processes are the reasons stated most often.



Almost half of the participants sees an appropriate certification as proof of quality, a quarter of the participants sees an appropriate certification as proof of quality.

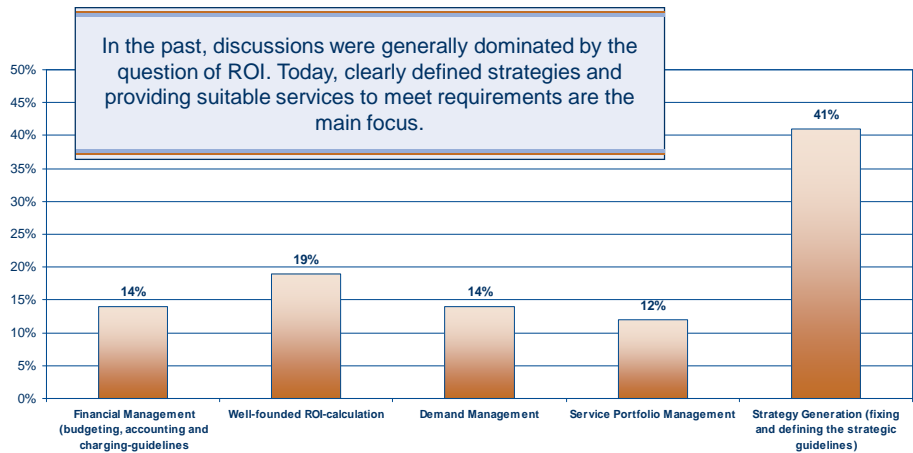
Further trends and developments Service Strategy

In the Service Strategy book, ITIL v3 addresses strategic aspects of IT service management. Strategic approaches in ITSM are still not widespread even though their importance is recognised.



Further trends and developments Service Strategy

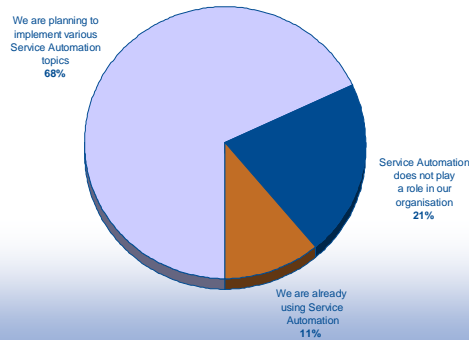
Those in favour of a service strategy see establishing strategic guidelines as the highest priority, followed by well-founded ROI calculation.



Further trends and developments Service Automation

Service automation automates many activities which are necessary for the operation of today's complex IT environments. Automation ensures that the activities are carried out quickly with constant high quality while avoiding errors.

In this way service automation helps to keep to standards and guidelines.

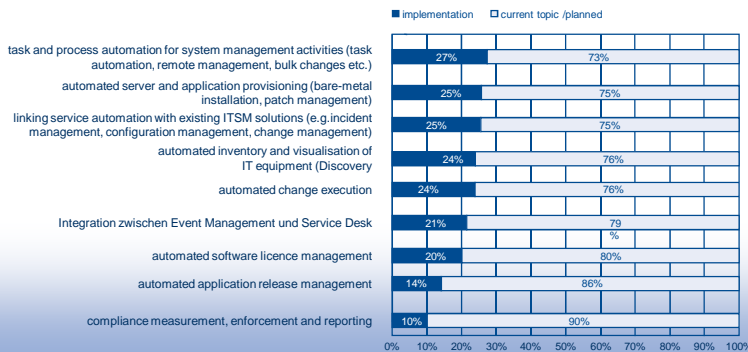


The majority of respondents are planning to implement various service automation topics.

Further trends and developments Service Automation

Task and process automation for system management activities, automated server and application provisioning as well as linking service automation with existing ITSM solutions are all most widespread already.

Compliance topics and automated application release management are at the top of the list in the planning stage.



Service automation is still at an early stage – but the respondents are very interested in most of the topics here.

Conclusion

Sooner or later certain procedures or tools inevitably become established in every IT organisation.

But these are seldom universal in design or implemented uniformly – on the whole there is a distinct lack of a comprehensive, integrated approach.

The IT organisation is much more than just a cost centre – it contributes significant added value for the whole company. For this reason it must consistently follow **business and IT aims** and focus on two central quality aspects: **service quality and process quality**.

Only a comprehensive approach to increasing quality in IT management which is based on the **officially accepted good practices/standards** enables IT organisations to adequately demonstrate their individual value contribution for the business success of the whole organisation.

Broadly applied initiatives where process implementation goes deep enough, provide the solid basis for ensuring that the daily business in IT management remains **precise, efficient and calculable**.



MATERNA

If you would like to be involved in ITSM Executive Survey 2009 please contact us.

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